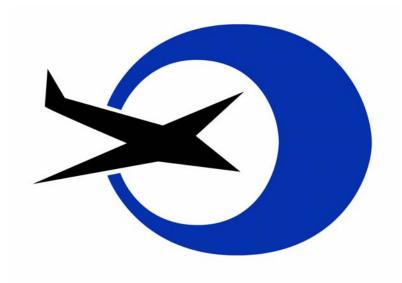


## Free Flight Status Report





### Introduction

This status report provides an executive-level assessment of the programs managed within the Free Flight office. It focuses on significant topics reflective of current technical, schedule, cost and financial status.

The technical, schedule and financial data information presented in this report are as of August 31, 2001. Program financial data reflect the FY 2001 appropriation.

This report is designed to meet your needs. I am interested in your comments. Please direct comments to Anthony Willett, Free Flight Chief of Staff, at (202) 220-3300. His fax number is (202) 220-3312.

John F. Thornton
Acting Director, Free Flight



## **Table of Contents**

Program Assessment Matrix	1
Program Overview	2
Flight Capabilities and Associated Domains	3
Collaborative Decision Making	4
User Request Evaluation Tool	6
CTAS - En Route/ CTAS - Terminal	8
Free Flight Program Financial Status	10
Appendices Status Report Definitions	A-1
Assessment Criteria	R-1



## Program Assessment Matrix

Capability Name	Team Leader	Technical Status	Schedule Status	Financial Status
FREE FLIGHT PHASE 1				
Collaborative Decision Making	Daniel Horton	G	G	G
User Request Evaluation Tool	Tom Spellerberg	G	G	G
CTAS – En Route/ CTAS - Terminal	Mike Prichard (Acting)	G	G	G

NOTE: Assessment criteria are discussed in Appendix B-1



## **Program Overview**

The Free Flight program continues development of new air traffic management functionality. It sustains and enables initiation of a replacement program for existing infrastructure with a system that will allow integration and implementation of this new air traffic management functionality.

Advanced traffic flow functions are being developed to support real-time information exchange essential to furthering the progress toward FAA/industry collaborative decision making and the economics associated with implementing the concept called "Free Flight."

FFP1 is a subset of Free Flight designed to deploy five new core capabilities by the end of 2002. FFP2 builds on the success of FFP1 and will geographically expand deployment of URET and TMA. FFP2 will also deploy other mature capabilities (CPDLC and CRCT) and has an added research and development component consisting of 9 promising research projects. Two of Free Flight Phase 1's core capabilities were completed ahead of schedule. The Surface Movement Advisor was completed ahead of schedule in December 1999. Collaborative Decision Making also was completed ahead of schedule on May 3, 2001.

September 2001 2

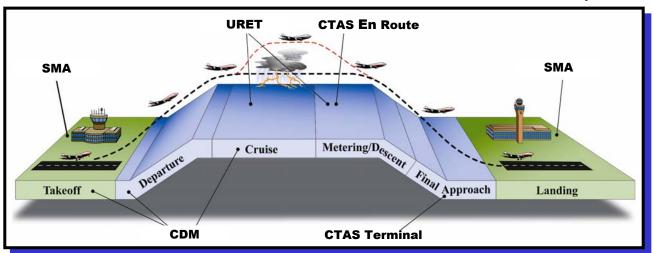


## **Capabilities and Associated Flight Domains**

- Average time flown from 40 nmi outside departure airport to 40 nmi outside arrival airport
- Flight time from 299 nmi range ring to meter fix
- Arrival delay (difference of planned time of arrival and actual time of arrival)

- Taxi times
- Gate delay

- Taxi times
- Gate delay



- Flight time (100 40 nmi from destination airport) during Ground Delay Program
- Average difference of planned time versus actual time (arrival time, departure time)
- Flight time from meter fix to runway threshold

August 2001 3



## **Collaborative Decision Making**

This element of Free Flight allows FAA traffic flow managers to work in near real-time with the airlines in responding to NAS congestion. These decision-support services will be introduced to the NAS as prototypes so that the FAA and users may test new functions in an operational context and provide feedback on their design and implementation.

## **Technical Status**

Current Assessment





Previous Assessment

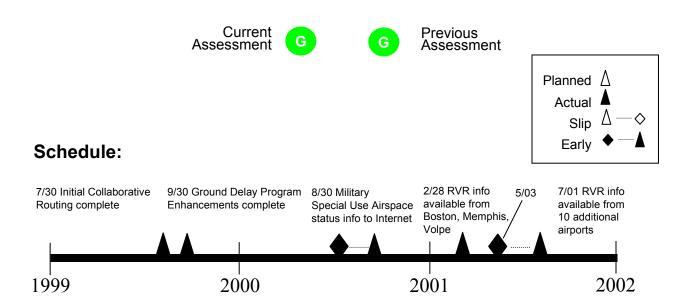
### **Significant Accomplishments:**

- The Initial Collaborative Routing component of CDM is complete. It enables traffic management specialists at the central Command Center, traffic management coordinators at high altitude centers, and airline operations centers conferencing with a shared view of real-time traffic flow situations. It also provides a way for users to display alternate routing around hazardous weather and airspace in special use.
- The Ground Delay Program Enhanced component of CDM is complete.
- The Runway Visual Range data availability program is complete. Runway Visual Range sensors provide visibility measurements for the touchdown, mid-point, and roll-out points on instrumented runways every two seconds. This information is being provided in a data table every minute to participating users.
- Runway Visual Range data is available from 35 airports to FAA traffic flow managers and CDM participating airlines as of September 30. RVR data from six additional airports will be available when Southern California TRACON completes installation of the TRACON patch panel. Events of September 11 and the associated maintenance moratorium prevented completion of the planned work at Southern California and Washington National TRACONs.
- The Free Flight Phase 1 Collaborative Decision Making Program is complete.

September 2001 4



## Collaborative Decision Making Schedule Status



### **Near-Term Schedule:**

Airport Configuration Data including active runways for approach and departure, types of departures and approaches, and remarks on safety and capacity became available	August 30, 2000	Complete
Runway Visual Range (RVR) operational test and evaluation to be conducted at the FAA Technical Center	January 30, 2001	Complete
RVR Quick Look Report, the preliminary test results from the operational test, became available	February 14, 2001	Complete
RVR information became available to users from Boston and Memphis airports	February 28, 2001	Complete
National Airspace Change Proposal permits additional airports to provide RVR information	April 30, 2001	Complete
RVR information available from 10 additional airports	July 31, 2001 May 03, 2001 (early)	Complete

September 2001 5



## **User Request Evaluation Tool**

URET is a decision-support tool. URET provides radar assistant (D-side) controllers with a strategic planning aid that predicts aircraft conflict 20 minutes into the future. The tool predicts whether an aircraft will violate minimum separation requirements with another aircraft or airspace. The tool allows the D-side controller to assist the radar controller in eliminating potential conflicts before the situation requires tactical maneuvering. The URET prototype is working at Indianapolis and Memphis air route traffic control centers. URET core capability limited deployment will be implemented at seven sites, including Indianapolis and Memphis.

## Technical Status

Current Assessment





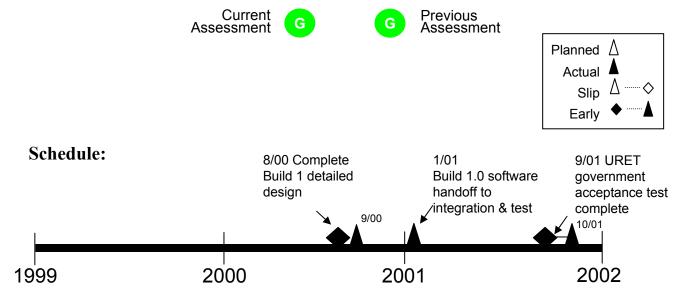
Previous Assessment

### **Significant Accomplishments:**

- Atlanta Center equipment delivery was completed on September 21 in preparation for URET installation.
- The URET Core Capability Limited Deployment System Government accuracy test was completed at the W.J. Hughes Technical Center on September 11.
- Dynamic Simulator Training began at Memphis and Indianapolis centers on 9/04 and 9/18, respectively. This training is in preparation for URET Core Capability Limited Deployment Initial Daily Use now scheduled for January, due to an installation moratorium.



## User Request Evaluation Tool Schedule Status



(Build 1.0 will provide all functionality identified by user team of air traffic controllers required for initial daily use.)

#### **Near-Term Schedule:**

Weather and radar processor modification details provided to Lockheed Martin by the FAA to ensure compatibility of URET and the weather system input	November 1, 2000	Complete
Software development completed for Build 1. Build 2 will provide additional capability as an add-on to Build 1	January 5, 2001	Complete
Display System Replacement synchronization software completed (enables URET operation with the display system replacement)	March 23, 2001	Complete
WARP weather information system available at Kansas City	March 28, 2001	Complete (1 month early)
Kansas City installation and checkout completed	April 23, 2001	Complete (5 weeks early)
National Airspace System software (release A5f1.2) available for key site test. Release A5f1.2 is a software improvement that is necessary for URET to operate with the host computer	June 15, 2001	Complete

Kansas City Center Initial Daily Use

September 2001

\*November 13, 2001

\*Delayed from 10/31 due to events of 9/11  $_{7}$ 



## CTAS - En Route / CTAS - Terminal

CTAS - En Route helps en route and terminal controllers schedule aircraft. The CTAS - Terminal tool provides an enhanced situational awareness at the TRACON. CTAS - Terminal operates in conjunction with CTAS - En Route to provide an integrated traffic management system decision support tool suite. En route and terminal traffic management coordinators will use CTAS - En Route, and terminal radar controllers will use CTAS -Terminal. Because of dependability problems with pFAST, a new terminal solution which is more dependable and doesn't require digital infrastructure or extensive development/adaptation of pFAST, has been accepted by the controllers.



Current Assessment



Previous

### **Significant Accomplishments:**

- All seven of the seven scheduled CTAS En Route systems are now in daily use status.
- CTAS En Route software release 2.3.7 became available to sites on 9/27. This release increases capability based on the "build a little, test a little" philosophy and continues the planned release of software increments.
- A CTAS Terminal Operations Concept is under review for potential change from the tool previously known as pFAST.



## CTAS – En Route / CTAS - Terminal Schedule Status

Current Assessment





Previous Assessment Planned △
Actual ▲
Slip △ ·······◆
Early ◆ ·······▲

Schedule:

CTAS Terminal is listed as Terminal (previously pFAST) CTAS En Route is lasted as En Route (previously TMA)

2/01 ZTL En Route IDU 2/01 SCT Terminal IDU 3/01 ATL Terminal IDU \*

5/01 ZMA En Route IDU 6/01 MSP Terminal IDU\*

8/01 ZOA En Route IDU 10/01 STL Terminal IDU TBD ZAU En Route TBD ORD Terminal

2001

2000 1/00 Operational Test 2/00 ZFW En Route IDU (Original 4/00) 2/00 DFW Terminal IDU (Original 4/00) 6/00 ZMP En Route IDU

\*ATL and MSP CTAS Terminal systems are pending program review. An alternative is used to derive incremental interim benefits by posting CTAS Terminal data to traffic management units vice controller screens on the floor.

9/00 ZDV En Route IDU 11/00 ZLA En Route IDU

### **Near-Term Schedule:**

En Route achieved initial daily use at Los Angeles Center	November 21, 2000	Complete
En Route achieved "planned capability achieved" status at Minneapolis Center	December 20, 2000	Complete
En Route began facility shadow testing at Miami Center (the last test before beginning IDU)	January 16, 2001	Complete
Terminal began IDU at Southern California TRACON	February 9, 2001	Complete
Terminal begins IDU at Atlanta TRACON (A80)	On Hold	
En Route training for extended controller cadre at Miami Center	March 22, 2001	Complete
En Route achieves IDU at Miami Center	May 23, 2001	Complete
En Route achieves IDU at Oakland Center	August 29, 2001	Complete
September 2001	(5 days early)	



# Free Flight Phase 1 Program Financial Status As of 09/30/01

Current Assessment



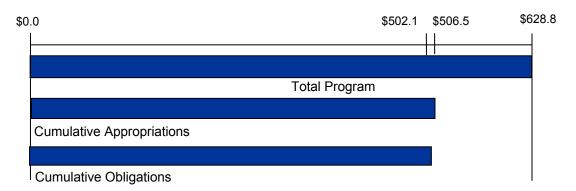


Previous Assessment

#### F&E Funding

Program: (FY 98-FY 02) \$628.8
Prior Year Net Appropriations: \$337.5
Fiscal Year ('01) Appropriations: \$169.0
Prior Year Obligations: \$337.6
Fiscal Year ('01) Obligations: \$164.5
Unobligated Appropriations: \$4.4

Funding Profile: (\$M) (F&E)



#### **Contract Cost Status:**

Satisfactory

## **Program Funding:**

- The \$628.8M Free Flight Phase 1 five year (FY 98 02) total is the program baseline presented to the JRC on 4/7/99.
- 0.22% was rescinded from the FY 01 appropriation.
- For FY01, \$0.5M originally allocated to the FFP1 CDM Program was provided to DSP (not part of the FFP1 Baseline) as a result of Conference Report language.



## **APPENDICES**



## Status Report Definitions

#### **Technical Status:**

**Significant Accomplishments:** Significant technical tasks completed since the last report.

**Concerns and Ongoing Actions:** Outstanding technical concerns, which must be resolved to assure successful accomplishment of technical project objectives and the actions being taken to resolve them, and discussion of other technical activities.

#### Schedule Status:

**Major Milestone Accomplishment:** Listing of the Level I and Level II milestones completed during the past reporting period. (Sixty managed milestones have been established. Level I = 10 most significant. Level II = remaining 50 managed milestones.)

**Concerns and Ongoing Actions:** Discussion of current and potential schedule impacts resulting from schedule slippage and the actions taken to develop work-arounds or recovery plans, and other schedule related activities.

#### **Financial Status:**

**Contract Cost Status:** Assessment of cost performance status as to the executability of the program within approved resources.

**Program Funding:** Assessment of the overall adequacy and availability of programmed and budgeted funds.

**Concerns and Ongoing Actions:** Discussion of current or potential impacts to the cost baseline or estimates to complete, arising from contractor performance and the actions being taken to mitigate them; impacts of funding shortfalls, reductions, or non-availability due to Congressional or DOT decisions and the actions being taken to resolve or mitigate them; and other financial related activities.



## Assessment Criteria

#### **Technical Status:**

**Red:** Technical problems will cause the system-level performance to fall below the defined *threshold* value established for any *critical* parameter in the operational requirements documents (ORD).

**Yellow:** Technical problems will cause the system-level performance to fall below the defined threshold *objective* value for any *critical* parameter in the ORD.

**Green:** No technical problems exist causing system-level performance to fall below defined *objective* performance values established for all *critical* parameters in the ORD.

#### Schedule Status:

Red:	Level I Milestone	(next 6 months)	>	15 working days late
		(6-12 months)	>	30 working days late
		(beyond 12 mo.)	>	60 working days late
Yellow:	Level I Milestone	(next 6 months)	>	6 working days late
	Level II Milestone	(next 6 months)	>	15 working days late
		(6-12 months)	>	30 working days late
		(beyond 12 mo.)	>	60 working days late

Green: Level I and II Milestones are on schedule within the criteria listed above.

#### Financial Status:

**Red:** Total approved program is insufficient to cover the full scope of the project development and implementation, or Government's projection of contractor's estimate-at-completion *will* exceed contractor's total allocated budget.

**Yellow:** Current year project needs do not match available project dollars and may require current year reprogramming, or Government's projection of Contractor's estimate-at-completion *may* exceed contractor's total allocated budget.

**Green:** Funding authorizations meet the program requirements, and contractor's total allocated budget is adequate to meet project requirements.



## Acronyms and Abbreviations

A80	Atlanta TRACON	pFAST	Passive Final Approach Spacing Tool
ATL	Hartsfield Atlanta International Airport	RVR	Runway Visual Range
CDM	Collaborative Decision Making	SCT	Southern California TRACON
CPDLC	Controller-Pilot Data Link Communications	SMA	Surface Movement Advisor
CRCT	Collaborative Routing Coordination Tool	STL	Lambert/St. Louis International Airport
DFW	Dallas Fort Worth	TBD	To be determined
DOT	Department of Transportation	TMA	Traffic Management Advisor
DSP	Departure Sequencing Program	TRACON	Terminal Radar Approach Control
F&E	Facilities and Engineering	URET	User Request Evaluation Tool
FFP1	Free Flight Phase One	WARP	Weather and Radar Processor
FFP2	Free Flight Phase Two	ZAU	Chicago ARTCC
FY	Fiscal Year	ZDV	Denver ARTCC
IDU	Initial Daily Use	ZFW	Fort Worth ARTCC
JRC	Joint Resources Council	ZLA	Los Angeles ARTCC
MSP	Minneapolis-St. Paul TRACON	ZMA	Miami ARTCC
NAS	National Airspace System	ZMP	Minneapolis ARTCC
ORD	Chicago O'Hare International Airport	ZOA	Oakland ARTCC
PCA	Planned Capability Achieved	ZTL	Atlanta ARTCC